Finding colleges that fit

It’s about YOU!

Finding the right college means searching for a program that meets your needs academically, socially, and financially. Avoid applying to a certain college or program just because you’ve heard the name or because “everyone else is.” This is about you; it’s **your** search. Keep in mind that there are likely to be a number of colleges that fit your “must haves.” Give some thought to the following:

**Type of college**

Do I want a two-year college, a four-year college or university, or a technical/vocational program? Coed or single gender? Religious affiliation?

One- and two-year schools may offer a general education or specialized job-training program. Four-year programs include general education requirements in addition to major coursework.

**Major/academic program**

What do I want to learn? What field of study interests me?

A college “major” is a particular subject—such as education, engineering, or history—in which a student concentrates his or her studies. Other options include internships, study abroad, and opportunities for interdisciplinary and self-designed majors.

**Size**

What size student body, campus, and classes are right for me?

Smaller colleges may mean you might get to know most of the students; larger schools may have more academic and extracurricular activities. Do you want individualized attention? Regular access to faculty? Check the faculty-student ratio. Can you picture yourself in a large lecture auditorium, or would you prefer small group discussions? Remember that class sizes typically get smaller as you move further along in your major, away from introductory classes.

**Selectivity**

How do I compare academically to accepted students? What chance do I have of getting in?

A school’s selectivity may be based on the average GPA (grade point average), class rank, and SAT/ACT scores of admitted students, as well as the percentage of applicants accepted. Refer to each college’s Web site or catalog for its specific admissions requirements.

**Location**

Do I want to stay close to home or go farther away? City, rural, or suburban?

Choose a location and community that appeals to you.

---

**Not sure?**

No problem! Visit [collegenavigator.gov](http://collegenavigator.gov) to use the online College Navigator tool. In the left column, you can select from different search options, such as type of school, tuition, geographical setting, programs, and more.

Another useful search tool is the College Board’s Big Future at [https://bigfuture.collegeboard.org/find-colleges](https://bigfuture.collegeboard.org/find-colleges).

---

**Lower your costs:** Applying to schools at which you're near the top of the applicant pool academically may qualify you for more merit-based financial aid from the college.
Campus atmosphere, student life, and diversity

What type of “personality” does the campus have? How do students spend their time? How diverse is the student body? What opportunities and activities are available?

Every campus has a different “feel,” which you can best get a sense of by visiting the campus and talking with students. Also look at the school newspaper, talk with faculty and staff, and check out campus activities, housing, and food. Do students stay on campus on the weekends? How much time do they spend on academics each day/week? Are there support services available? Look for campus activities and volunteer opportunities that interest you. Consider the demographic makeup of the students on campus (where they are from, what background they have), too. Go with your gut feeling: Can you imagine yourself as a student there?

Cost and affordability

What is the cost of attending college, and what type of financial aid is available?

Total costs cover tuition, room and board, fees, books, and personal expenses. Affordability is a major concern for most families, so have that discussion early on. Don’t immediately rule out a college because it seems too expensive — what you actually pay may be well below the “sticker price.” Consider applying to several colleges in different price ranges, and check with VSAC and college financial aid offices about your options. For an overview of college financing, go to vsac.org.

Organize the clutter

The paper load will grow senior year. Organize applications materials, deadlines, and financial aid forms in 7- to 12-pocket file folders. Use one folder for application info and a second folder for financial aid deadlines and forms.

Students: Your parents will want to organize the paper even if you don’t.

Use a chart to compare the colleges on your wish list. We have one you can use.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Factors</th>
<th>My “wish list”</th>
<th>college name</th>
<th>college name</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Major/academic program</td>
<td>good science program</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>possible bio major</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Selectivity</td>
<td>my GPA = 3.2 so far</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Type of college</td>
<td>4 year? (maybe 2-year and transfer?)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Size</td>
<td>some big classes OK</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>want lots of options</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Location</td>
<td>near a small city</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Campus atmosphere, student life, and diversity</td>
<td>outdoorsy, eco-club, friendly, ultimate frisbee</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cost and affordability</td>
<td>need to talk to parents!</td>
<td></td>
<td>find job this summer</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>